

Metatorbernit a lithioforit z uranového ložiska Předbořice (Česká republika)

Metatorbernite and lithiophorite from uranium deposit Předbořice (Czech Republic)

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VRTIŠKA L., SEJKORA J., NOVÁKOVÁ H., VAŠINOVÁ GALIOVÁ M. (2013) Metatorbernit a lithioforit z uranového ložiska Předbořice (Česká republika). *Bull. mineral.-petrol. Odd. Nár. Muz. (Praha) 21, 2, 240-248. ISSN 1211-0329.*

Abstract

An unusual association of metatorbernite and lithiophorite was found at the uranium deposit Předbořice located about 8 km S from Krásná Hora, central Bohemia, Czech Republic. Metatorbernite forms idiomorphic tabular or dipyrmidal emerald green crystals up to 11 mm in size on quartz gangue. It is tetragonal, space group $P4/n$, the unit-cell parameters refined from X-ray powder diffraction data are: a 6.9668(1), c 17.3240(5) Å and V 840.84(4) Å³. Chemical analyses of metatorbernite correspond to the empirical formula $(\text{Cu}_{0.72}\text{Ba}_{0.19}\text{Co}_{0.02}\text{Ca}_{0.01})_{\Sigma 0.94}(\text{UO}_2)_{1.97}(\text{PO}_4)_{1.99}(\text{AsO}_4)_{0.01} \cdot 8\text{H}_2\text{O}$. Younger lithiophorite forms grey-black to black coatings and crusts with reniform to hemispherical aggregates on quartz gangue or metatorbernite crystals. It is trigonal, space group $R\bar{3}m$, the unit-cell parameters refined from X-ray powder diffraction data are: a 2.908(1), c 28.20(3) Å and V 206.4(3) Å³. Chemical analyses of lithiophorite correspond to the empirical formula $(\text{Al}_{0.78}\text{Li}_{0.20}\text{Fe}_{0.01}\text{Ca}_{0.01})_{\Sigma 1.00}(\text{Co}_{0.20}\text{Ni}_{0.06}\text{Cu}_{0.05}\text{Zn}_{0.01})_{\Sigma 0.32}(\text{Mn}_{0.99}\text{Si}_{0.01}\text{P}_{0.01})_{\Sigma 1.01}\text{O}_2(\text{OH})_{2.91}$.

The origin of studied mineral association is interpreted as a product of the *in-situ* supergene alteration of the primary uranium mineralization in the environment near the present surface.

Key words: metatorbernite, lithiophorite, powder X-ray diffraction data, unit-cell parameters, chemical composition, LA-ICP-MS, the Předbořice deposit, Czech Republic

Obdrženo: 22. 10. 2013; přijato: 25. 11. 2013